"Maple Bus 1.0" Function Type Specifications FT₈:Vibration Function

Revision 0.80

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1 OVERVIEW OF VIBRATION FUNCTIONS

1.1 Definition of vibration functions

Vibration functions are functions able to vibrate and rock, and generate vibrations within objects installed in a device.

Vibration functions must satisfy the following conditions.

① Vibration functions must be able to generate vibration. There are no other restrictions on external view.
② They must conform to the "Maple Bus 1.0" Standard Specifications.

1.2 Characteristics and limitations of vibration functions

Vibration functions have the following characteristics and limitations.

^①Vibration intensity can be specified as fixed or adjustable to 8 levels.

- ⁽²⁾ Vibration frequency settings may be fixed, non-settable, or a linear variable with a specified maximum and minimum.
- ③Vibration sources can be allocated to 4 positions: front, back, left and right.
- ④ Vibration direction may be specified as X axis direction, Y axis direction, Z axis direction, and No direction. Also, + directions and directions may be specified for each of these.
- S The maximum number of vibration sources is 15.
- © Vibration functions allow configuration of continuous vibration, single-pulse vibration, convergent vibration, and divergent vibration.
- ⑦ If no re-configuration is performed within a fixed time after a vibration is specified, vibration will stop automatically. Automatic stop can be specified for each vibration source.

1.3 Default configuration for vibration functions

The default settings for vibration functions are as follows.

- ① Vibration is stopped.
- ② Vibration auto-stop time is specified to 5.0 seconds.

2 DEVICE ID

Conforms with the device ID definition in the "Maple Bus 1.0" Standard Specifications. The notation is that of the host's memory image.

2.1 Configuration of the device ID

The device ID is defined in "Maple Bus 1.0" as the following configuration.

	-	•						
bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1st Data	FT ₃₁	FT ₃₀	FT ₂₉	FT ₂₈	FT ₂₇	FT ₂₆	FT ₂₅	FT ₂₄
2nd Data	FT ₂₃	FT ₂₂	FT ₂₁	FT ₂₀	FT ₁₉	FT ₁₈	FT ₁₇	FT ₁₆
3rd Data	FT ₁₅	FT ₁₄	FT ₁₃	FT ₁₂	FT ₁₁	FT ₁₀	FT₀	FT ₈
4th Data	FT ₇	FT ₆	FT₅	FT₄	FT₃	FT ₂	FT₁	FT₀
5th Data	FD1 ₃₁	FD1 ₃₀	FD1 ₂₉	FD1 ₂₈	FD1 ₂₇	FD1 ₂₆	FD1 ₂₅	FD1 ₂₄
6th Data	FD1 ₂₃	FD1 ₂₂	FD1 ₂₁	FD1 ₂₀	FD1 ₁₉	FD1 ₁₈	FD1 ₁₇	FD1 ₁₆
7th Data	FD1 ₁₅	FD1 ₁₄	FD1 ₁₃	FD1 ₁₂	FD1 ₁₁	FD1 ₁₀	FD19	FD1 ₈
8th Data	FD17	FD1 ₆	FD1₅	FD1₄	FD1 ₃	FD1 ₂	FD1 ₁	FD1 ₀
9th Data	FD2 ₃₁	FD2 ₃₀	FD2 ₂₉	FD2 ₂₈	FD2 ₂₇	FD2 ₂₆	FD2 ₂₅	FD2 ₂₄
10th Data	FD2 ₂₃	FD2 ₂₂	FD2 ₂₁	FD2 ₂₀	FD2 ₁₉	FD2 ₁₈	FD2 ₁₇	FD2 ₁₆
11th Data	FD2 ₁₅	FD2 ₁₄	FD2 ₁₃	FD2 ₁₂	FD2 ₁₁	FD2 ₁₀	FD2₀	FD2 ₈
12th Data	FD27	FD2 ₆	FD2₅	FD2₄	FD2₃	FD2 ₂	FD2 ₁	FD2₀
13th Data	FD3 ₃₁	FD3 ₃₀	FD3 ₂₉	FD3 ₂₈	FD3 ₂₇	FD3 ₂₆	FD3 ₂₅	FD3 ₂₄
14th Data	FD3 ₂₃	FD322	FD3 ₂₁	FD3 ₂₀	FD3 ₁₉	FD3 ₁₈	FD3 ₁₇	FD3 ₁₆
15th Data	FD3 ₁₅	FD3 ₁₄	FD3 ₁₃	FD3 ₁₂	FD3 ₁₁	FD3 ₁₀	FD39	FD3 ₈
16th Data	FD37	FD3 ₆	FD3₅	FD3₄	FD3₃	FD3 ₂	FD3₁	FD3₀

Fig. 2.1 Device ID

FT : Designates type of function that the peripheral is equipped with.

- FD1 : First function definition block.
- FD2 : Second function definition block.
- FD3 : Third function definition block.
- ${\rm \textcircled{O}}\,FT_{31}{\sim}FT_{0}{\rm :}$ Function type

Designates the function that the peripheral is equipped with. There are 32 function types altogether.

 $@\,FD_{31}{\sim}FD_0{:}$ Function definition block

This is for the block defining the individual elements making up the function.

(1 peripheral can be equipped with 3 different functions)

2.2 Function types

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1st Data	FT ₃₁	FT ₃₀	FT ₂₉	FT ₂₈	FT ₂₇	FT ₂₆	FT ₂₅	FT ₂₄
2nd Data	FT ₂₃	FT ₂₂	FT ₂₁	FT ₂₀	FT ₁₉	FT ₁₈	FT ₁₇	FT ₁₆
3rd Data	FT ₁₅	FT ₁₄	FT ₁₃	FT ₁₂	FT ₁₁	FT ₁₀	FT۹	1
4th Data	FT ₇	FT_6	FT₅	FT₄	FT₃	FT ₂	FT₁	FT₀

The function types (FT) within the device ID are as follows. Function types for vibration functions are defined by $FT_8 = '1'$.

Fig. 2.2 Function types for vibration functions

For example, in peripherals equipped with only vibration functions, function types are defined by FT='00-00-01-00h'.

Also, in peripherals equipped with other functions, the bit for function types corresponding to the installed functions is '1'.

2.3 Function definition blocks

Indicates the function definition block (FD) within the device.

Function definition blocks are function-specific 32 bit data tables for each function. Each function's constituent elements, data transfer method, etc, are determined based on this data.

The following figure shows the configuration for the function definition blocks for vibration functions.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1st Data	VN ₇	VN ₆	VN₅	VN ₄	VN₃	VN ₂	VN₁	VN ₀
2nd Data	SE7	SE ₆	SE₅	SE4	SE₃	SE ₂	SE1	SE₀
3rd Data	Res ₁₅	Res ₁₄	Res ₁₃	Res ₁₂	Res ₁₁	Res ₁₀	Res ₉	Res₀
4th Data	Res ₇	Res₀	Res₅	Res₄	Res₃	Res ₂	Res₁	Res₀

Fig. 2.3 Vibration function definition block configuration

VN : Vibration source number

Indicates the number of vibration sources

The 4 upper bits are fixed at '0', and the number of vibration sources is represented by the 4 lower bits.

The number of vibration sources is $1 \sim 15$ ('1h'~'Fh'). '0' setting is not permitted.

SE : Number of vibration sources that can be concurrently selected.

Indicates the number of vibration sources which can be concurrently specified to generate vibration.

The 4 upper bits are fixed at '0', and the number of vibration sources is represented by the 4 lower bits.

The number of vibration sources is $1 \sim 15$ ('1h'~'Fh').

'0' setting is not permitted. The settings must conform to SE \leq VN.

Res : Reserved bits

Used as '0'.

3 VIBRATION SOURCE SETTINGS INFORMATION

Indicates the settings information for each vibration source. This information is obtained with Get Media Info command.

The settings information for each vibration source uses 4 bytes.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VSet0	VN₃	VN_2	VN ₁	VN ₀	VP ₁	VP ₀	VD ₁	VD ₀
VSet1	PF	CV	PD	OWF	VA ₃	VA ₂	VA ₁	VA ₀
Fm0			-	to bo	addad			
Fm1	to be added							

VN : Vibration source No.

Indicates the number of vibration sources. The number of vibration sources is $1 \sim 15$ ('1h'~'Fh'). '0h' is not permitted.

VP : Vibration source position

Indicates the position where the vibration source is installed.

Position	VP ₁	VP₀
Front	0	0
Back	0	1
Left	1	0
Right	1	1

Fig. 3.5 Bit configuration for vibration source position

VD : Vibration source vibration axis.

Indicates the axis (direction) the vibration source vibrates along.

Vibration axis	VD ₁	VD ₀
none	0	0
X axis direction	0	1
Y axis direction	1	0
Z axis direction	1	1

PF : Setting of variable vibration intensity

Indicates if the intensity of the vibration source is variable.

Setting of variable vibration intensity	PF
fixed	0
variable to 8 levels	1

Fig. 3.7 Bit configuration for variable vibration intensity setting

CV : Vibration source continuous vibration flag

Indicates if a specified vibration can continue until the next setting command.

Continuous setting	CV
Not possible	0
Possible	1

Fig. 3.8 Bit configuration for source continuous vibration setting flag

PD : Vibration source direction setting flag

Indicates if + directions and - directions are settable.

If +/- settings are not permitted, the setting is specified as + direction. Even if - direction is specified, it is treated as + direction.

direction setting	PD
Not possible	0
Possible	1

Fig. 3.9 Bit configuration for vibration source intensity setting flag

OWF : Arbitrary vibration waveform flag

Indicates if the arbitrary vibration waveform can be selected.

Waveform setting	OWF
Not possible	0
Possible	1

Fig. 3.10 Bit configuration for arbitrary waveform setting flag

VA : Vibration attribute flag

Information following this attribute changes according. The 3 kinds of VA settings are '0000','0001','1111'. All others are reserved.

♦ When VA='0000'.

Represents the maximum and minimum vibration frequency values.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Fm0	Fmin ₇	Fmin ₆	Fmin₅	Fmin₄	Fmin₃	Fmin₂	Fmin₁	Fmin₀
Fm1	Fmax ₇	Fmax ₆	Fmax₅	Fmax₄	Fmax₃	Fmax ₂	Fmax ₁	Fmax₀

Fig. 3.11 Vibration source setting information configuration when VA='0000'

Fmin : Minimum settable vibration frequency

Represents the minimum settable vibration frequency for the vibration source. The settable vibration frequency range is $0.5 \sim 128$ Hz("00h" \sim "FFh"). The frequency represented here must conform to Fmin<Fmax.

Fmax: Maximum settable vibration frequency

Represents the maximum settable vibration frequency for the vibration source. The settable vibration frequency range is $0.5 \sim 128$ Hz("00h" \sim "FFh"). The frequency represented here must conform to Fmin<Fmax.

The vibration source controls the frequency from Fmin to Fmax in 0.5Hz units. The vibration frequency F is represented by the following formula.

F=(Fm+1)/2 [Hz]

♦ When VA='0001'.

Represents a fixed frequency.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Fm0	Ffix ₇	Ffix ₆	Ffix₅	Ffix₄	Ffix₃	Ffix ₂	Ffix₁	Ffix₀
Fm1	Dum ₇	Dum ₆	Dum₅	Dum₄	Dum₃	Dum₂	Dum₁	Dum₀

Fig. 3.12 Vibration source setting information configuration when VA='0001'

Ffix : Fixed frequency

Represents the settable frequency of the vibration source. Settable vibration frequency is $0.5 \sim 128$ Hz("00h" \sim "FFh").

Dum : Dummy data

Is specified to '00h'.

The source only vibrates at the Ffix vibration frequency. Vibration frequency F is represented by the following formula. F=(Fm+1)/2 [Hz]

♦ When VA='1111'.

Represents that the vibration frequency cannot be specified.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Fm0	Dum ₁₅	Dum ₁₄	Dum ₁₃	Dum ₁₂	Dum ₁₁	Dum ₁₀	Dum₀	Dum₅
Fm1	Dum ₇	Dum ₆	Dum₅	Dum₄	Dum₃	Dum₂	Dum₁	Dum₀

Fig. 3.13 Vibration source setting information configuration when VA='1111'

Dum : Dummy data

Is specified to '00h'.

4 VIBRATION SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter explains about the "vibration source" which generates vibration. The maximum number of vibration sources which may be allocated is to $\frac{4 \ 15}{1000}$.

4.1 Vibration position

Represents the position where the vibration source is installed. Vibration sources may be installed in 4 locations: front, back, left, and right.

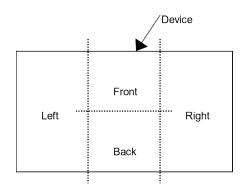


Fig. 4.14 Vibration position

Position is defined The position in which the player normally uses the device is used as the standard when defining position.

It is possible to install more than one vibration source in 1 position.

Vibration position refers to the place to which the vibration source is allocated, not the place where the player senses the vibration.

4.2 Vibration axes

The 4 vibration source vibration axes are No direction, X axis direction, Y axis direction, and Z axis direction.

The No direction axis is specified in cases of vibration sources where the direction of the vibration generated is not clearly defined (for example, rotary vibration such as generated by a vibration motor).

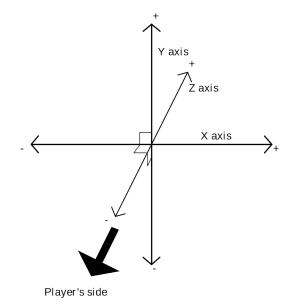


Fig. 4.15 Vibration axes

X axis direction	: Indicates vibration of a left-right direction in relation to the player.
	The right direction is the + direction, and the left direction is the - direction.
Y axis direction	: Indicates vibration of an up-down direction in relation to the player.
	The up direction is the + direction, and the down direction is the - direction.
Z axis direction	: Indicates vibration of a front-back direction in relation to the player.
	The front direction is the + direction, and the back direction is the - direction.

These + and - directions correspond to the + and - directions of the vibration waveform. Multiple vibration sources may be specified for the same direction in 1 vibration position.

4.3 Continuous vibration

Indicates the condition where a vibration specified with 1 command continues until the next setting is sent.

If continuous vibration is not configured, the vibration is stopped after 1 cycle (1 arbitrary waveform). If continuous vibration is configured, the vibration auto-stop function comes into operation. Can be specified for each vibration source.

- In cases of vibration sources where continuous vibration can be specified, the CV corresponding to the vibration source setting information is '1'.
- To stop vibration, either CNT='0' should be specified, or the intensity should be specified as '0'.

4.4 Vibration waveforms

This section explains about the waveforms for controlling vibration sources. To stop vibration, intensity should be specified to 0 (-0).

4.4.1 Normal configuration

Vibration waveforms are generated by the intensity and frequency settings. The following figure illustrates an example of a waveform generated under normal configuration.

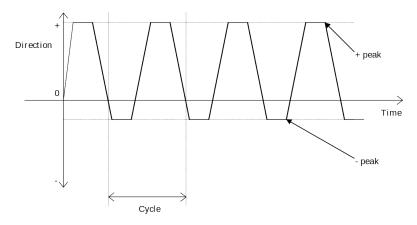


Fig. 4.16 Outline of a vibration waveform under normal configuration

The + peaks and the - peaks in the figure indicate that it is possible to specify the intensity in those directions based on the + peak values and the - peak values, when direction can be specified (when PD='1').

When there is no axis direction (when VD='00'), the + peak represents forward rotation, and the - peak represents backward rotation.

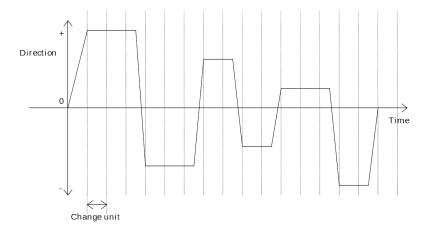
In cases where the + peak value is 1 or more at the time vibration is started, vibration starts from the + direction.

- When no axis direction is specified (when VD='00'), the + peak value and the peak value cannot be specified concurrently. Concurrent configuration results in an error.
- If the variable intensity setting is fixed (PF='0'), specifying the intensity to 8 different levels still results in vibration at the fixed intensity.

4.4.2 When arbitrary vibration frequency waveforms may be specified

The following figure illustrates a common vibration waveform generated by a vibration source which can be arbitrarily specified to generate waveforms (OWF='1').

Vibration must be able to be specified according to normal configuration in addition to arbitrary waveforms.





The method for specifying waveforms consists of specifying the intensity of the change units. Intensity can be specified to 8 levels, including +, -, and 0.

+: +0 \sim +7, -: -0 \sim -7 (+0 and -0 are the same intensity)

The change unit is 10ms.

If waveform is re-specified during vibration based on an arbitrary waveform, the vibration stops temporarily, then starts again with the re-specified waveform.

- If continuous vibration is specified, the previously specified vibration waveform is repeated.
- If the variable intensity setting is fixed (PF='0'), specifying the intensity to 8 different levels still results in vibration at the fixed intensity.

4.5 Convergent and divergent setting function

This function automatically changes vibration intensity at a specified time.

The vibration converges or diverges in the specified cycle.

Intensity is changed once for each specified cycle (vibration frequency). After the intensity reaches 0 or the maximum intensity, vibration stops.

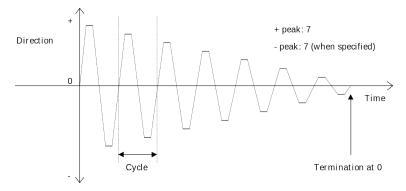


Fig. 4.18 Outline of waveform when convergence is specified.

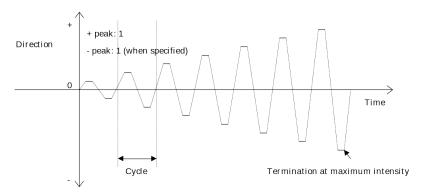


Fig. 4.19 Outline of waveform when divergence is specified.

Settings should select either convergence or divergence.

If both are specified, an error occurs.

Both convergence and divergence can be specified to be continuous.

The initial + peak value and - peak value, convergence or divergence, and the change cycle are specified for the waveform.

The + peak value and the - peak value can be different.

In the case of convergence, vibration stops when either the + peak or the - peak equals 0. In the case of divergence, vibration stops when either the + peak or the - peak equals 7.

When direction is specified to No direction (VD='00'), + peaks and - peaks cannot be specified at the same time.

If they are specified at the same time, an error occurs.

Also, the vibration converges or diverges on only one side, either the + side or the - side.

- When the variable intensity setting is fixed (PF='0'), this function will not operate. If it is selected, an error will occur.
- The next vibration can be specified during convergent vibration and divergent vibration. In this case, the vibration converging or diverging stops, and the specified vibration will start.

4.6 Vibration auto-stop function

This function automatically stops a vibration after the vibration has continued for a specified time, in order to avoid unforeseen operation of the vibration due to an accident or a reset when using continuous vibration.

It is also used when using continuous vibration for a specific time.

It is possible to specify the auto-stop time separately for each vibration source.

If the time settings are changed during a continuous vibration, the new settings come into effect with the next vibration setting.

The period until vibration stops is measured from the time data was last specified.

The period until vibration stops can be specified from 0.25 seconds up to 64 seconds, in 0.25 second units.

The default setting value is 5.0 seconds.

For this setting time, the transmission of the stop signal is produced in 0.25 second units. Cessation of the actual vibration takes longer than this.

Also, variation in the timing of the stop signal transmissions is within a ±0.25 second range.

This function cannot be stopped or disabled.

5 VIBRATION SETTINGS

This chapter explains about the method for specifying vibrations.

5.1 Normal configuration

4 bytes are used for each vibration source when speciying vibrations.

Indicates vibration instructions.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
CTRL	VN ₃	VN ₂	VN ₁	VN ₀	Res ₂	Res₁	Res₀	CNT
POW	INH	Ppow ₂	Ppow ₁	Ppow ₀	EXH	Mpow ₂	Mpow ₁	Mpow ₀
Freq	Freq ₇	Freq ₆	Freq₅	Freq₄	Freq₃	Freq ₂	Freq₁	Freq₀
Inc	Inc ₇	Inc ₆	Inc₅	Inc₄	Inc₃	Inc ₂	Inc₁	Inc₀

Fig. 5.20 vibration instructions

VN : Vibration source No.

Indicates the number of vibration sources.

The number of vibration sources is $1 \sim 15$ ('1h'~'Fh').

'0h' may not be specified. Specifying '0h' results in an error.

Res : Reserved bits

Used as '0'.Reserved bits

CNT : Continuous vibration setting bits

The continuous vibration flag for the continuous setting information must be specified at '1'. If specified when CV='0', an error results.

Also, CNT should be specified at '0'when stopping vibration.

Continuous vibration	CNT
No (STOP)	0
Yes (START)	1

Fig. 5.21 Bit configuration for continuous vibration setting

INH : Convergent vibration setting bit

Configured when generating convergent vibration.

Cannot be specified concurrently with divergent vibration setting bit.

Concurrent configuration results in an error.

Convergent vibration	INH
No	0
Yes	1

Fig. 5.22 Bit configuration for convergent vibration setting

■ If specified when the setting of variable intensity is fixed (PF='0'), an error results.

Ppow: Forward direction (+ direction) intensity setting bit

Configures the intensity of vibration in the forward direction (+ direction).

Intensity	Ppow ₂	Ppow ₁	Ppow₀
+7	1	1	1
+6	1	1	0
+5	1	0	1
+4	1	0	0
+3	0	1	1
+2	0	1	0
+1	0	0	1
+0	0	0	0

Fig. 5.23 Bit configuration for forward direction intensity setting

If specified at '+0', vibration is stopped.

A '+7' setting produces the strongest vibration.

■ When the variable intensity setting is fixed (PF='0'), settings of +1~+7 only produce the same fixed vibration intensity.

If specified at "+0", continuous vibration can be stopped.

EXH : Divergent vibration setting bit

Configured when generating divergent vibration.

Cannot be specified concurrently with convergent vibration setting bit.

Concurrent configuration results in an error.

Divergent vibration	EXH
No	0
Yes	1

Fig. 5.24 Bit configuration for divergent vibration setting

■ If specified when the setting of variable intensity is fixed (PF='0'), an error results.

Mpow:Backward direction (- direction) intensity setting bit

Configures the initial intensity of vibration in the backward direction (- direction).

Intensity	Mpow ₂	Mpow ₁	Mpow ₀
-7	1	1	1
-6	1	1	0
-5	1	0	1
-4	1	0	0
-3	0	1	1
-2	0	1	0
-1	0	0	1
-0	0	0	0

Fig. 5.25 Bit configuration for backward direction intensity setting

If specified at '+0', vibration is stopped.

A '-7' setting results in extremely strong vibration.

- When the variable intensity setting is fixed (PF='0'), settings of +1 ~ +7 result in the same fixed vibration intensity.
- When the vibration source's direction setting flag is direction non-settable (PD='0'), a direction setting is treated as a + direction. In such a case, if there is a setting value for the + direction, this direction setting value is ignored.

■ If specified at "+0", continuous vibration can be stopped.

Freq : Vibration frequency setting bit

Configures the vibration frequency.

In a non-settable vibration frequency is configured, an error results.

When the vibration frequency cannot be specified (when VA='1111h'), an arbitrary value is used.

When the vibration frequency is fixed (when VA='1111h'), it becomes the specified frequency. (Any value apart from the fixed value is ignored.)

Inc : Vibration inclination period setting bit

Specifies the vibration inclination period.

Is specified when either convergence or divergence is used. When convergence and divergence are not used, the arbitrary value "00h" is used.

1 convergent (or 1 divergent) vibration is completed in the period specified in Inc.

<mark>Is specified when Freq ≧ Inc.</mark>

All other settings result in an error.

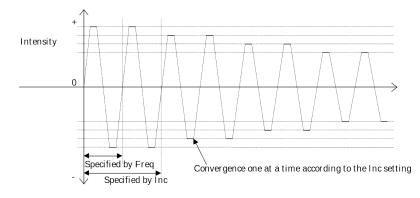


Fig. 5.26 Outline of waveform for convergent setting

The example illustrated in the above figure has a setting of Inc="02h". Setting muct be Inc=1 \sim 255("00h" \sim "FFh"). Specifying Inc="00h" when convergence or divergence are selected results in an error.

5.2 Arbitrary waveform settings

The method for specifying waveforms consists of specifying the intensity of the vibration for the unit of change.

The time unit is 10ms.

The data specified for WF must be a 4 byte unit.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
WF	Cont	<mark>0WFE</mark>	0	0	Dir	Pow ₂	Pow ₁	Pow ₀

Fig. 5.27	Bit configuration	for arbitrary	vibration	waveform settings
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Cont : Continuous vibration setting bit

Can only be specified with the 1st Data from the arbitrary waveform settings. If specified with data from the 2nd Data or after (10ms or later), the setting is ignored. Data from the 2nd Data or after is specified as '0'.

It cannot be set if the continuous vibration flag (CV) of FD of the vibration source corresponded by it is '1'.

If CV='0' is specified, an error results.

Continuous vibration	Cont
No	0
Yes	1

Fig. 5.28 Bit configuration for continuous vibration settings

WFE : Setting data termination bit

Is specified as '1' when the last data for WF is sent. Data sent after this is ignored.

Settings completed	WFE
Continuation	<mark>0</mark>
Termination	<mark>1</mark>

Fig. 5.29 Bit configuration for setting data termination

Dir : Intensity direction setting bit

Specifies the direction of the vibration intensity.

Vibration direction	Dir
+ direction	0
- direction	1

Fig. 5.4030 Bit configuration for intensity direction settings

■ When the vibration source's direction setting flag is direction non-settable (PD='0'), a - direction setting is treated as + direction.

Pow : Vibration intensity setting bit

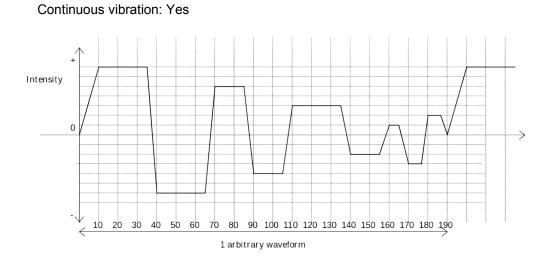
The + and - parts of the intensity setting represent the direction of the vibration. If the intensity is specified as +0 or -0, vibration stops.

An intensity of 1 is the weakest. An intensity of 7 is the strongest.

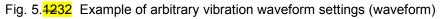
Intensity	Dir	Pow ₂	Pow ₁	Pow ₀
+7	0	1	1	1
+6	0	1	1	0
+5	0	1	0	1
+4	0	1	0	0
+3	0	0	1	1
+2	0	0	1	0
+1	0	0	0	1
+0	0	0	0	0
-0	1	0	0	0
-1	1	0	0	1
-2	1	0	1	0
-3	1	0	1	1
-4	1	1	0	0
-5	1	1	0	1
-6	1	1	1	0
-7	1	1	1	1

Fig. 5.4431 Bit configuration for Vibration intensity setting

■ When the variable intensity setting is fixed (PF='0'), settings of +1~+7 or -1~-7 result in the same fixed vibration intensity.



Setting example:



Data	Change point [ms]	WF	Cont	<mark>0WFE</mark>	0	0	Dir	Pow ₂	Pow ₁	Pow₀
1st Data	0	80h	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2nd Data	10	07h	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
3rd Data	20	07h	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
4th Data	30	07h	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
5th Data	40	0Eh	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
6th Data	50	0Eh	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
7th Data	60	0Eh	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
8th Data	70	05h	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
9th Data	80	05h	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
10th Data	90	0Ch	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
11th Data	100	0Ch	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
12th Data	110	03h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
13th Data	120	03h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
14th Data	130	03h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
15th Data	140	0Ah	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
16th Data	150	0Ah	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
17th Data	160	01h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
18th Data	170	0Bh	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
19th Data	180	02h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
20th Data	190	00h	0	<mark>⊕1</mark>	0	0	0	0	0	0

Fig. 5. **1333** Example of arbitrary vibration waveform settings (data)

5.3 Vibration auto-stop settings

The vibration auto-stop settings are as follows.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	ASR ₁₅	ASR ₁₄	ASR ₁₃	ASR ₁₂	ASR ₁₁	ASR ₁₀	ASR ₉	ASR ₈
ASR	ASR ₇	ASR ₆	ASR₅	ASR₄	ASR₃	ASR ₂	ASR₁	0

Fig. 5.4434 Bit configuration for vibration auto-stop time revision

ASR : Vibration auto-stop time revision bit

Revises the settings for vibration auto-stop time

ASR₁~ASR₁₅ correspond to Vibration Source -1~Vibration Source -15 respectively.

Vibration auto-stop time revision	ASR
Does not revise	0
Revises	1

Fig. 5.4535 Bit configuration for vibration auto-stop time revision

The function ignores any specification sent for a vibration source not installed in the function. If a revision is sent during continuous vibration, the revision is reflected beginning with the next vibration.

After specifying ASR, AST is specified in the vibration sources to be revised in order beginning from the vibration source with the smallest number.

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
AST	AST ₇	AST ₆	AST₅	AST ₄	AST₃	AST ₂	AST₁	AST₀

Fig. 5. **1636** Bit configuration for vibration auto-stop time settings

AST : Vibration auto-stop time setting bit

Specifies the auto-stop time.

Default value is 5.0 seconds. May be specified to a maximum of 64.0 seconds in 0.25 increments.

auto-stop time	AST	AST ₇	AST ₆	AST₅	AST₄	AST₃	AST ₂	AST₁	AST ₀
0.25 seconds	00h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.50 seconds	01h	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0.75 seconds	02h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1.00 seconds	03h	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
:	:	:	•••	:	:	:	•••	:	:
5.00 seconds	13h	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
:	:	:	•••	:	:	:	•••	:	:
10.0 seconds	27h	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
:	:	:	•••	:	:	:	•••	:	:
30.0 seconds	77h	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
:	:	:	•••	:	:	:	•••	:	:
60.0 seconds	<mark>€fEF</mark> h	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
:	:	:	•	:	:	:	•	:	:
64.0 seconds	FFh	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Fig. 5.4737 Bit configuration for vibration auto-stop time settings

ASR and AST must be sent together as a 4 byte unit.

If ASR and AST combined cannot produce a 4 byte unit, the dummy data '00h' is added to form a 4 byte unit.

6 COMMANDS

The commands supported by the vibration functions among the commands specified in the "Maple Bus 1.0" Standard Specifications are described here.

Setting examples are all presented as being connected to the LM-Bus No.1 via Port A.

6.1 Control commands

6.1.1 Get Media Info

Issuing right	: Host		
Command code	:0Ah		
Data size	:02h (4 bytes)		
Data field	: Function type	:4 bytes	
	VN	:4 bytes (3 bytes are Dumi	my)
Expected return value	:[Data Transfer]		
Description	: Requests function type media information for the vibration source number specified in VN.		for the vibration source number
When dealing with vibration functions, this command is for vibration media information.		this command is for obtaining	
	A variety of settings are specified based on this media information.		

If VN='00h' is specified, the error message [Transmit Again] is returned.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	<mark>θ€0A</mark> h	Specifies <mark>Set Condition</mark> Get Media Info
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	02h	Data size is 8 bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	VN	01h	Specifies Vibration Source -1
+0009h	Dummy	00h	Fixed value
+000Ah	Dummy	00h	
+000Bh	Dummy	00h	

Fig. 6.38 Example of Get Media Info command

The reply from the function is [Data Transfer]. If there is an error in the settings, [Transmit Again] is returned.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	08h	Specifies Data Transfer.
+0001h	Destination AP	00h	Port A
+0002h	Origin AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0003h	Data size	<mark>θ302</mark> h	Data size is <mark>42 8</mark> bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	VSet0		Vibration source setting information
+0009h	VSet1		specified in VN
+000Ah	Fm0]
+000Bh	Fm1		

Data returned is as shown in the following figure.

Fig. 6.39 Example of reply command for Get Media Info

6.1.2 Set Condition

Issuing right	: Host	
Command code	:0Eh	
Data size	:1+n/4h (4+n bytes)	
Data field	: Function type	:4 bytes
	Vibration settings	: n byte
Expected return value	:[Device Reply]	
Description	: Specifies the physic	al status of the function.
	When dealing with v	vibration functions, this command is used to specify the
	vibration.	

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	0Eh	Specifies Set Condition.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	1+n/4h	Data size is 4+n bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	CTRL i		Vibration Source -i settings
+0009h	POW i		
+000Ah	Freq i		
+000Bh	Inc i		
:	:	:	:
+0008h+n-3	CTRL j		Vibration Source -j settings
+0008h+n-2	POW j		
+0008h+n-1	Freq j]
+0008h+n	Inc j		

Fig. 6.40 Example of Set Condition command

For a detailed description of these settings, see "5 VIBRATION SETTINGS".

The reply from the function is [Device Reply].

If there is an error in the settings, [Transmit Again] is returned.

Setting specification begins from the vibration source with the smallest number. (i<j)

The number of vibration sources to be specified must be SE (in the function definition block) or less.

6.1.3 Get Condition

Issuing right	: Host
Command code	:09h
Data size	:01h
Data field	: Function type :4 bytes
Expected return value	:[Data Transfer]
Description	: Requests the physical status of the function.
	When dealing with vibration functions, this command is used to obtain the
	settings of the current vibration.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	09h	Specifies Get Condition.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	01h	Data size is 4 bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	

Fig. 6.41 Example of Get Condition command

Data read with the [Get Condition] command is sent by the [Data Transfer] command.

In vibration functions, this becomes the vibration source settings data. This command makes it possible to send, at one instance, the data for all the vibration sources.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	08h	Specifies Data Transfer.
+0001h	Destination AP	00h	Port A
+0002h	Origin AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0003h	Data size	1+n/4h	Data size is 4+n byte
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	CTRL i		Vibration Source -i settings
+0009h	POW i		
+000Ah	Freq i		
+000Bh	Inc i		
:	:	:	:
+0008h+(n-3)	CTRL j		Vibration Source -j settings
+0008h+(n-2)	POW j]
+0008h+(n-1)	Freq j]
+0008h+n	Inc j		

Data returned is as shown in the following figure.

Fig. 6.42 Example of reply command for Get Condition

For vibration source setting data, see "5 VIBRATION SETTINGS". Setting specification begins from the vibration source with the smallest number. (i<j)

6.1.4 Block_Write

Issuing right	: Host		
Command code	:0Ch		
Data size	: <mark>04h (16 bytes)</mark> 2	2+n/4h (8+n bytes)	
Data	: Function type	:4 bytes	
	VN	:1 byte	
	Phase	:1 byte	
	Block No.	: 2 bytes	
	Write data	: n bytes	
Expected return value	:[Device Reply]		
Description	: In response to t	he vibration function, this command records (writes) data in	
	the specified vit	pration source. It is used to specify arbitrary waveforms and	
	vibration auto-st	top time.	
	In vibration func	tions, Phase='00h' ,Block No. ='0000h' are fixed values. VN	
	for each vibration source is '01h' \sim '0Fh' for Vibration Source -1 \sim Vibration		
	Source -15, respectively.		
	An example of this company dis illustrated in the following figure		

An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	0Ch	Specifies Block_Write.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	2+n/4 <mark>h</mark>	Data size is 8+n bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	VN	01h	When specifying Vibration Source - 1
+0009h	Phase	00h	Fixed value
+000Ah	Block No.	0000h	Fixed value
+000Bh			
+000Ch	WF1		Arbitrary waveform data
+000Dh	WF2		
+000Eh	WF3		
+000Fh	WF4		
:	:	:	:
+000Bh+n	WFn		

Fig. 6.43 Example of Block_Write command sent to vibration source

WF must be a 4 byte unit.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	0Ch	Specifies Block_Write.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	2+n/4	Data size is 8+n bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	VN	00h	When specifying vibration auto-stop time
+0009h	Phase	00h	Fixed value
+000Ah	Block No.	0000h	Fixed value
+000Bh			
+000Ch	ASR		Vibration auto-stop time revision bit
+000Dh]		
+000Eh	ASTI		Vibration Source -i time settings
:	:	:	:
+000Dh+n	AST j		Vibration Source -j time settings

Also, when specifying vibration auto-stop time, VN is '00h'.

Fig. 6.44 Example of Block_Write command sent to vibration auto-stop time

For the arbitrary vibration setting values, see "5 VIBRATION SETTINGS". If the command is processed by the function (as is normal), [Device Reply] is returned. If an error occurs, [Transmit Again] is returned. If any value other than VN='00h' is specified when arbitrary waveforms are cannot be specified, the error command [Transmit Again] is returned.

AST is specified so that i<j.

6.1.5 Block_Read

Issuing right	: Host	
Command code	:0Bh	
Data size	:02h (8 bytes)	
Data	: Function type	:4 bytes
	VN	:1 byte
	Phase	:1 byte
	Block No.	:2 bytes
Expected return value	:[Data Transfer]	
Description	vibration source arbitrary wavefor In vibration func- for each vibration Source -15, res	
	An example of t	his command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	0Bh	Specifies Block_Read.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	02h	Data size is 8 bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	VN	01h	When specifying Vibration Source - 1
+0009h	Phase	00h	Fixed value
+000Ah	Block No.	0000h	Fixed value
+000Bh			

Fig. 6.45 Example of Block_Read command

For a detailed description of these settings, see "5 VIBRATION SETTINGS".

If values for Phase and Block No. are other than '00h' and '0000h' respectively, the error command [Transmit Again] is returned.

If any value other than VN='00h' is specified when arbitrary waveforms are cannot be specified, the error command [Transmit Again] is returned.

Data read with the [Block_Read] command can be sent by the [Data Transfer] command.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	08h	Specifies Data Transfer.
+0001h	Destination AP	00h	Port A
+0002h	Origin AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0003h	Data size	2+n/4	Data size is 8+n bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the vibration.
+0005h		00h	
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	VN	01h	When specifying Vibration Source - 1
+0009h	Phase	00h	Fixed value
+000Ah	Block No.	0000h	Fixed value
+000Bh			
+000Ch	WF1		Arbitrary waveform data
+000Dh	WF2		
+000Eh	WF3		
+000Fh	WF4		
:	:	:	
+000Bh+n	WFn		

Data returned is as shown in the following figure.

Fig. 6.46 Example of reply command for Block_Read sent to vibration source

For the arbitrary vibration setting values, see "5 VIBRATION SETTINGS".

The data written with the [Block Write] command is returned in the sent form. This becomes the returned data.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	<mark>0⊖08</mark> h	Specifies <mark>Block_Write</mark> Data Transfer.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	2+n/4	Data size is 8+n bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the vibration.
+0005h		00h	
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	VN	00h	When specifying vibration auto-stop time
+0009h	Phase	00h	Fixed value
+000Ah	Block No.	0000h	Fixed value
+000Bh			
+000Ch	ASR		Vibration auto-stop time revision bit
+000Dh]		
+000Eh	AST i		Vibration Source -i time settings
:	:	:	:
+000Dh+n	AST j		Vibration Source -j time settings

When dealing with vibration auto-stop time, VN is '00h'.

Fig. 6.47 Example of reply command for Block_Read sent to vibration auto-stop time settings

The data written with the [Block Write] command is returned. This becomes the returned data.

AST is specified so that i<j.

6.1.6 Data Transfer

: Vibration function	
:08h	
:01h + n/4 (4 bytes + n bytes)	
: Function type : 4 bytes	
Data : n byte	
: Returns data in response to a request from the host.	
An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.	

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	08h	Specifies Data Transfer.
+0001h	Destination AP	00h	Port A
+0002h	Origin AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0003h	Data size	1 + n/4h	Data sixe is 4+n bytes
+0004h	Function type	00h	The function type specifies the
+0005h		00h	vibration.
+0006h		01h	
+0007h		00h	
+0008h	Data		
~			

Fig. 6.48 Example of Data_Transfer command

6.1.7 Device Reply

Issuing right	: Vibration function
Command code	:07h
Data size	:00h
Data	: none
Description	: This command is returned to the host as a reply command when a command from the host has been successfully completed in the function. An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	07h	Specifies Device Reply.
+0001h	Destination AP	00h	Port A
+0002h	Origin AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0003h	Data size	00h	Data size is 0 bytes

Fig. 6.49 Example of Device Reply command

6.1.8 Device Request

Issuing right	: Host
Command code	:01h
Data size	:00h
Data	: none
Expected return value	:[Device Status]
Description	: Requests [Device Status] from the destination AP's peripheral.
	After initialization, the vibration function does not respond to any other
	commands until this command is sent.

An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	01h	Specifies Device Request.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	00h	Data size is 0 bytes

Fig. 6.50 Example of Device Request command

6.1.9 All Status Request

Issuing right	: Host
Command code	:02h
Data size	:00h
Data field	: none
Expected return value	:[Device All Status]
Description	:Requests all device statuses (both Fixed Device Status and Free Device
	Status) from the destination AP's peripheral.

An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	02h	Specifies All Status Request.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	00h	Data size is 0 bytes

Fig. 6.51 Example of All Status Request command

6.1.10 Device Reset

Issuing right	: Host
Command code	:03h
Data size	:00h
Data field	: none
Expected return value	:[Device Reply]
Order of operation	:(1)[Device Reply] returned.
	(2) Initialization.
Description	: Peripherals specified by the destination AP can be initialized.
	Vibration is stopped and settings are cleared.
	An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	03h	Specifies Device Reset.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	00h	Data size is 0 bytes

Fig. 6.52 Example of Device Reset command

6.1.11 Device Kill

Issuing right	: Host
Command code	:04h
Data size	:00h
Data field	: none
Expected return value	:[Device Reply]
Order of operation	: (1) [Device Reply] returned.
	(2) Operation terminated.
Description	: Operation by the peripheral specified by the destination AP is not recognized.
	Vibration terminates.
	The function stands by in standby power consumption mode, and no commands can be recieved.
	To start operation, a hard reset must be performed, or the power should be turned off and then operation should be started again. An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	04h	Specifies Device Kill.
+0001h	Destination AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0002h	Origin AP	00h	Port A
+0003h	Data size	00h	Data size is 0 bytes

Fig. 6.53 Example of Device Kill command

6.1.12 Device Status

Issuing right	: Peripheral	
Command code	:05h	
Data size	: 1Ch	
Data field	: Device ID	:16 bytes
	Destination code	:1 byte
	Product name	: 31 bytes
	License	:60 bytes
	Standby current consumption	:2 bytes
	Maximum current consumption	:2 bytes
Description	: Returns Fixed Device Status dat host.	a in response to [Device Request] from the

An example of this command is illustrated in the following figure.

Data Address	Data	Setting example	Description
+0000h	Command code	05h	Specifies Device Status.
+0001h	Destination AP	00h	Port A
+0002h	Origin AP	01h	Expansion device (LM-Bus No.1)
+0003h	Data size	1Ch	Data size is 112 bytes
+0004h	Device ID		Specifies the Device ID
~			
+0013h			
+0014h	Destination code		Specifies the destination code.
+0015h	Product name		Specifies the product name.
~			
+0033h			
+0034h	License		Specifies the license.
~			
+006Fh			
+0070h	Standby current		Specifies the standby current
+0071h	consumption		consumption.
+0072h	Maximum current		Specifies the maximum current
+0073h	consumption		consumption.

Fig. 6.54 Example of Device Status command

6.1.13 Device All Status

Issuing right	: Peripheral	
Command code	:06h	
Data size	:1Ch + n/4	
Data field	: Fixed Device Status : 112 bytes	
	Device ID	:16 bytes
	Destination code	:1 byte
	Product name	:31 bytes
	License	:60 bytes
	Standby current consumption	:2 bytes
	Maximum current consumption	:2 bytes
	Free Device Status : n bytes	
Description : Returns both Fixed Device Status and Free Device Status		nd Free Device Status in response to
	[All Status Request] from the host.	

6.2 Error commands

6.2.1 Function Type Unknown

Issuing right	: Peripheral
Command code	:FEh
Data size	:00h
Data field	: none
Description	: This command is returned when the peripheral is not equipped with the function type sent.
Possible causes	: (1) Mistaken specification of function type.
	(2) Data is written incorrectly.
	(3) Data of device ID is jumbled.
	(4) Data became jumbled during communication.
Remedies	: (1) Specify function type correctly.
	(2) Write data correctly.
	(3) Resend Device Request to obtain device ID.
	(4) Try sending again (maximum of 3 times; subsequent tries are processed
	as Time out).

6.2.2 Command Unknown

Issuing right	: Vibration function
Command code	:FDh
Data size	:00h
Data field	: none
Description	: This command is returned when the vibration function does not support the command sent.
Possible causes	: (1) Mistaken specification of command.
	(2) Data is written incorrectly.
	(3) Data of device ID is jumbled.
	(4) Data became jumbled during communication.
Remedies	: (1) Write command correctly.
	(2) Write data correctly.
	(3) Resend Device Request to obtain device ID.
	(4) Try sending again (maximum of 3 times; subsequent tries are processed
	as Time out).

6.2.3 Transmit Again

Issuing right	: Host, Vibration function
Command code	:FCh
Data size	:00h
Data field	: none
Description	: This command is used to request that the data be transmitted again when
	the data contained some kind of error.
Possible causes	: (1) Parity error wwas generated.
	(2) Data overflowed.
	(3) Data became jumbled during communication.
	(4) Settings are incorrect.
	(5) Others
Remedies	: Try sending again (maximum of 3 times; subsequent tries are processed as
	Time out).

7 PROTOCOL FLOW

The following diagram illustrates a outline of the basic transmission protocol between host and vibration function.

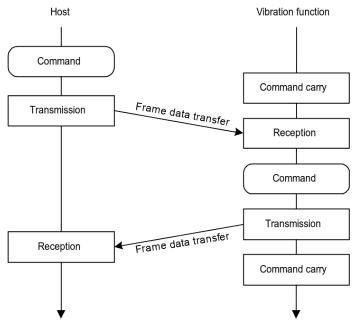


Fig. 7.55 Diagram of transmission protocol

7.1 Processing flow for Get Media Info

The following diagram illustrates the processing flow for Get Media Info.

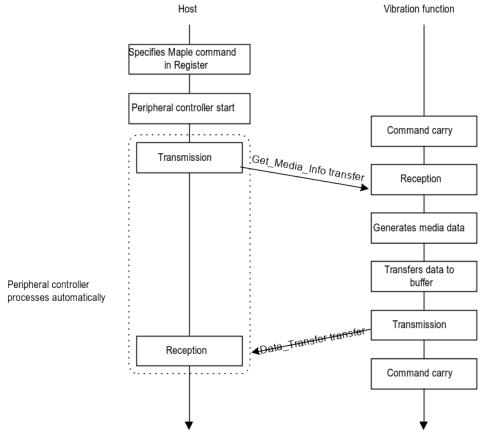
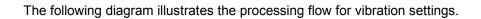


Fig. 7.56 Diagram of processing flow for Get Media Info

7.2 Processing flow for vibration settings



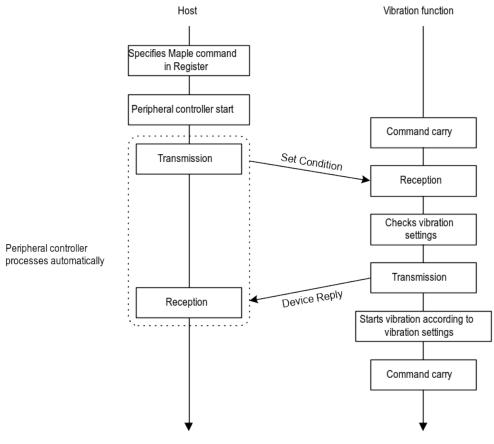


Fig. 7.57 Diagram of processing flow for vibration settings

7.3 Processing flow for arbitrary waveform settings

The following diagram illustrates the processing flow for arbitrary waveform settings.

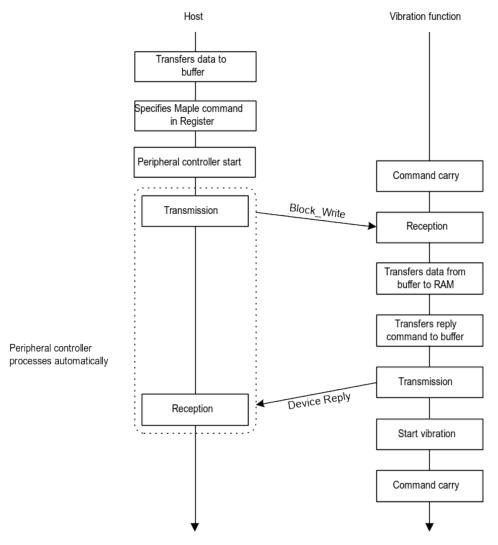


Fig. 7.58 Diagram of processing flow for arbitrary waveform settings

7.4 **Processing flow for vibration auto-stop time settings**

The following diagram illustrates the processing flow for vibration auto-stop time settings.

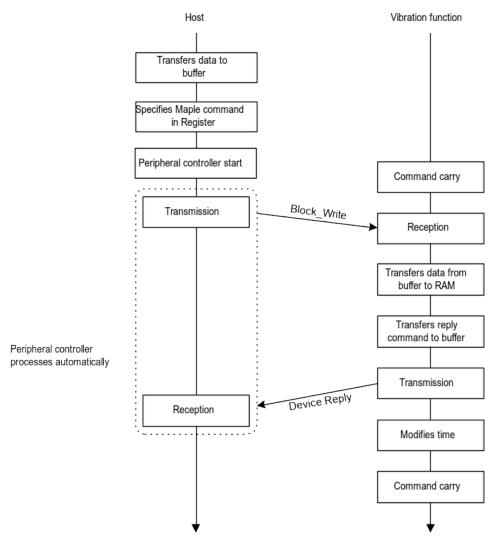


Fig. 7.59 Diagram of processing flow for vibration auto-stop time settings

7.5 Processing flow for reading normal configuration

The following diagram illustrates the processing flow for reading normal configuration.

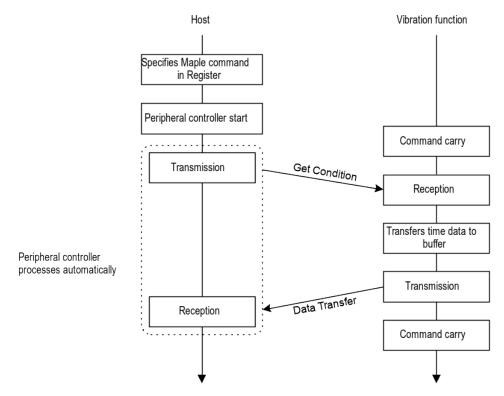


Fig. 7.60 Diagram of processing flow for reading normal configuration

7.6 Processing flow for reading arbitray waveform settings and vibration auto-stop time settings

The following diagram illustrates the processing flow for reading arbitray waveform settings and vibration auto-stop time settings.

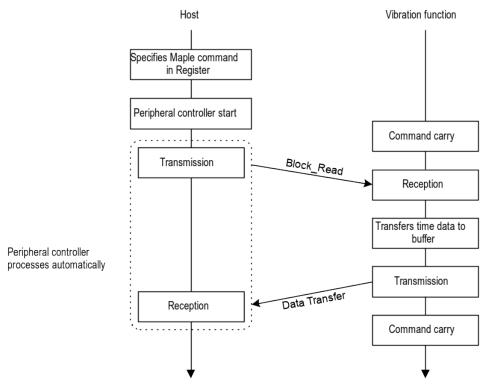


Fig. 7.61 Diagram of processing flow for reading arbitray waveform settings and vibration auto-stop time settings

8 Afterword

Until the official version (Rev. 1.0) is distributed, contents will be modified to a small or large extent.